





# Community Profile Report

August 16 2022

The Community Profile Report (CPR) is generated by the Data Strategy and Execution Workgroup, under the White House COVID-19 Team. It is managed by an interagency team with representatives from multiple agencies and offices (including the United States Department of Health and Human Services, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response, and the Indian Health Service). The CPR provides easily interpretable information on key indicators for all regions, states, core-based statistical areas (CBSAs), and counties across the United States. It is a daily snapshot in time that:

- Focuses on recent COVID-19 outcomes in the last seven days and changes relative to the week prior
- Provides additional contextual information at the county, CBSA, state and regional levels
- Supports rapid visual interpretation of results with color thresholds

Data in this report may differ from data on state and local websites. This may be due to differences in how data were reported (e.g., date specimen obtained, or date reported for cases) or how the metrics are calculated. Historical data may be updated over time due to delayed reporting. Data presented here use standard metrics across all geographic levels in the United States. It facilitates the understanding of COVID-19 pandemic trends across the United States by using standardized data. The footnotes describe each data source and the methods used for calculating the metrics. For additional data for any particular locality, visit the relevant health department website. Additional data and features are forthcoming.

White House COVID-19 Team, Data Strategy and Execution Workgroup

All inquiries and requests for information to DSEW should be directed to <a href="https://wwwn.cdc.gov/dcs/ContactUs/Form">https://wwwn.cdc.gov/dcs/ContactUs/Form</a>.



# **COMMUNITY PROFILE REPORT**

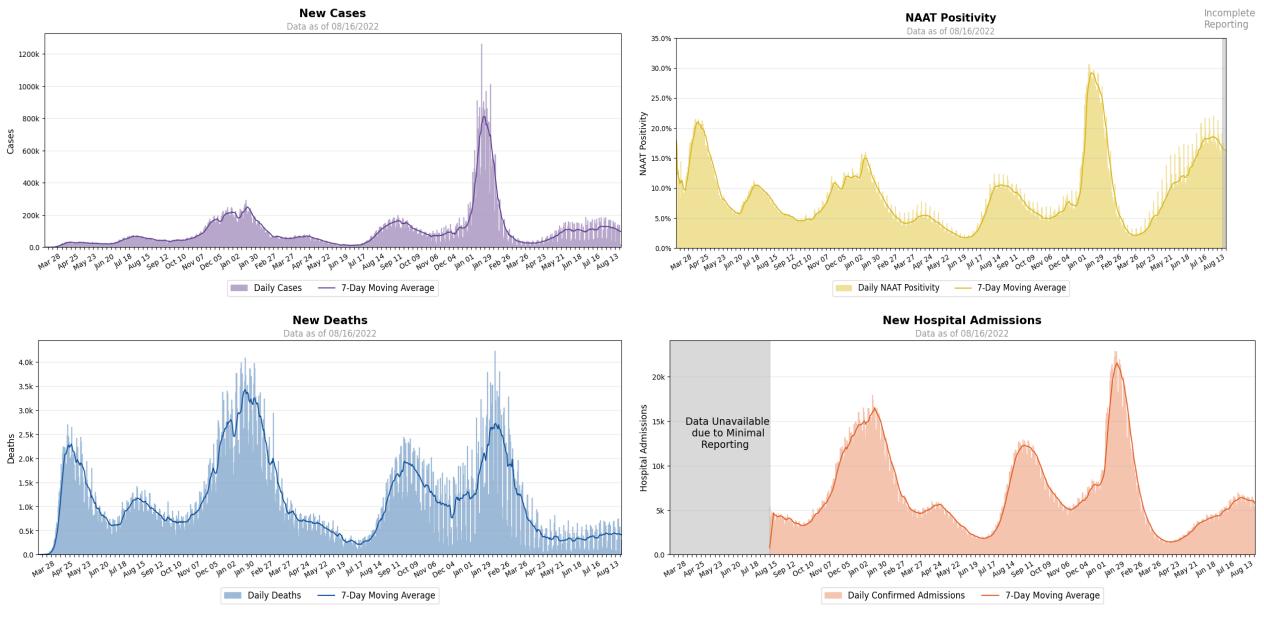
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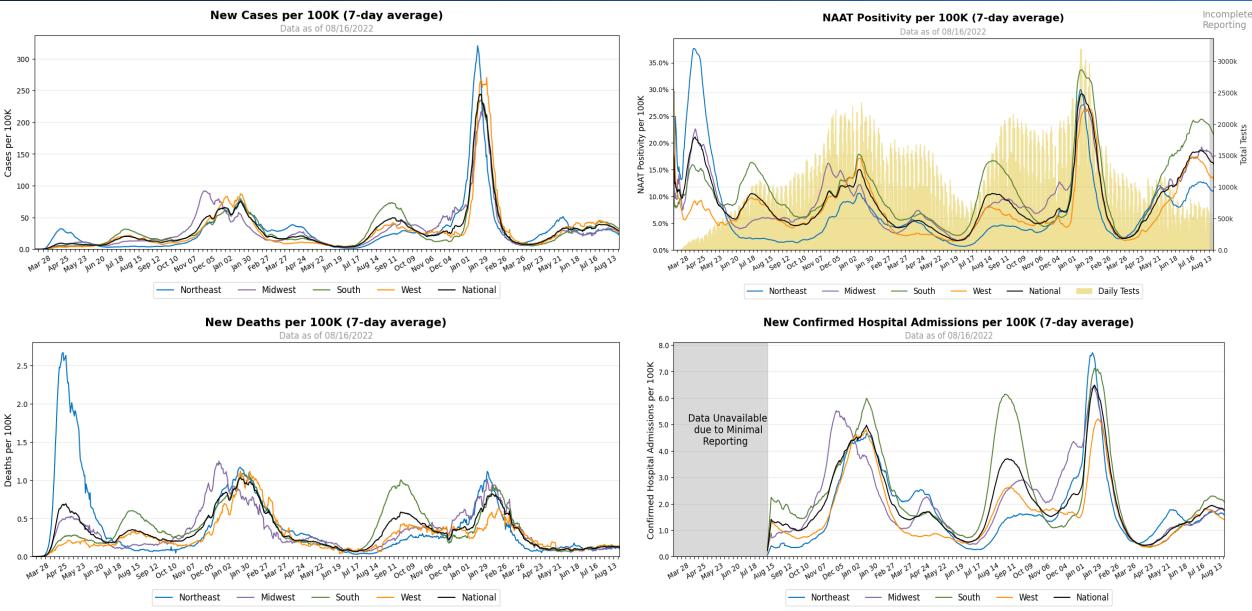
# **NATIONAL TIME SERIES**



Source: CDC state-reported data (cases and deaths), Unified Testing Dataset, Unified Hospital Dataset.



# **TIME SERIES BY CENSUS REGION**



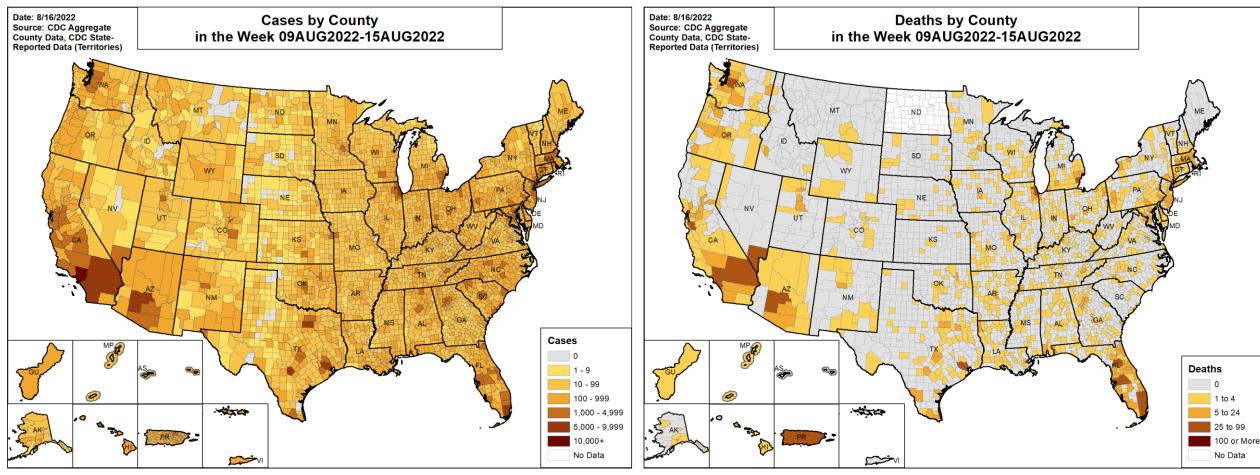
Source: CDC state-reported data (cases and deaths), Unified Testing Dataset, Unified Hospital Dataset.

See https://www.census.gov/geographies/reference-maps/2010/geo/2010-census-regions-and-divisions-of-the-united-states.html for census regions.

## NUMBER OF NEW CASES AND DEATHS IN THE LAST 7 DAYS

Total Cumulative Cases: 92,855,476
New Cases in Last 7 Days: 687,607
Percent Change from Previous 7 Days: -12.2%

Total Cumulative Deaths: 1,032,560 New Deaths in Last 7 Days: 2,910 Percent Change from Previous 7 Days: -1.5%

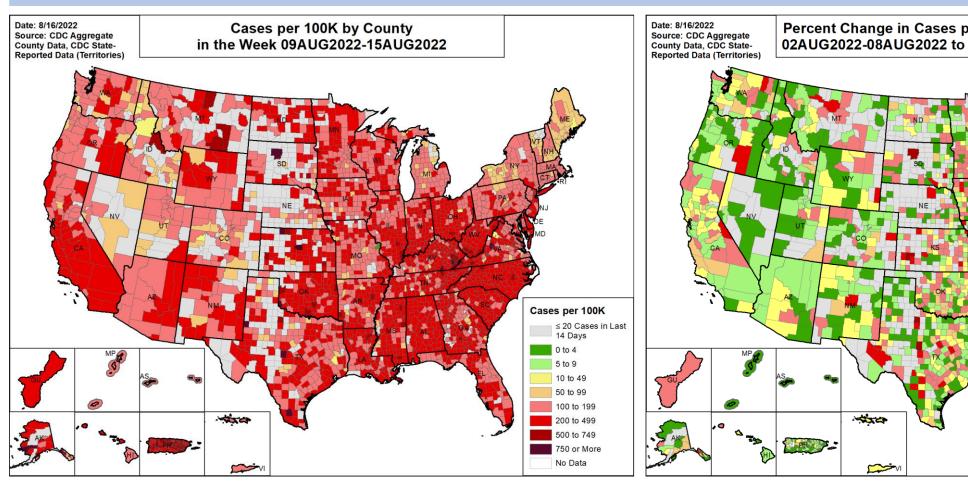


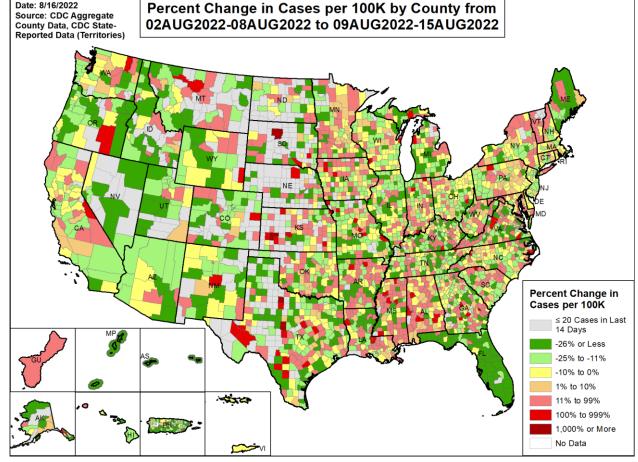
As of 4/7/2022, ND is no longer reporting county-level deaths; therefore, county-level death counts from this date forward are no longer available.

## CASE INCIDENCE IN LAST 7 DAYS AND COMPARISON TO THE PREVIOUS 7 DAYS

Incidence Rate in the Last 7 Days: 207.1 per 100,000

**Percent Change from Previous 7 Days: -12.2%** 

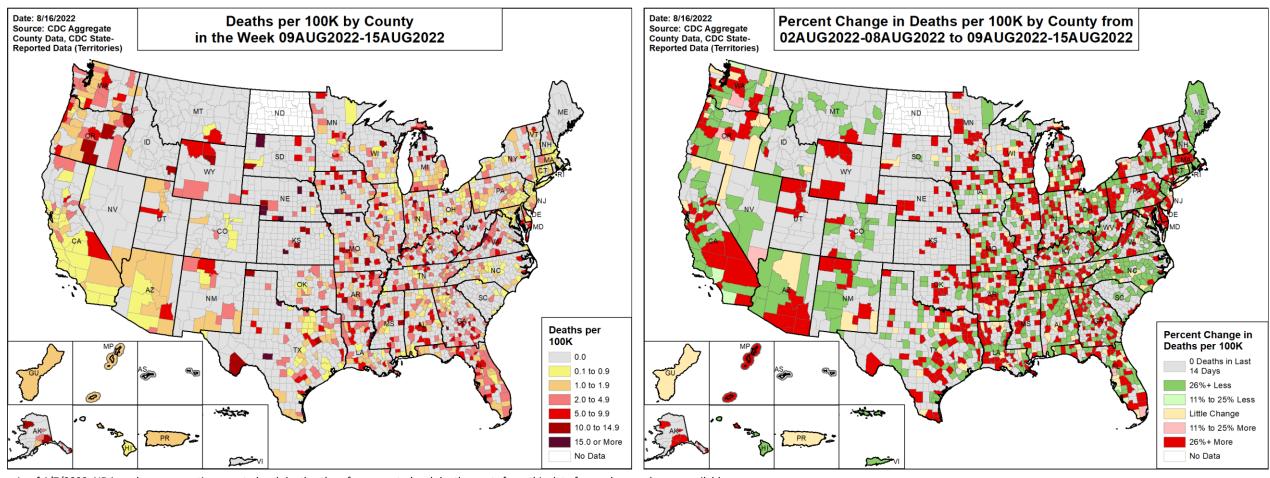




## MORTALITY RATE IN THE LAST 7 DAYS AND COMPARISON TO THE PREVIOUS 7 DAYS

Mortality Rate in the Last 7 Days: 0.9 deaths per 100,000

**Percent Change from Previous 7 Days:** -1.5%

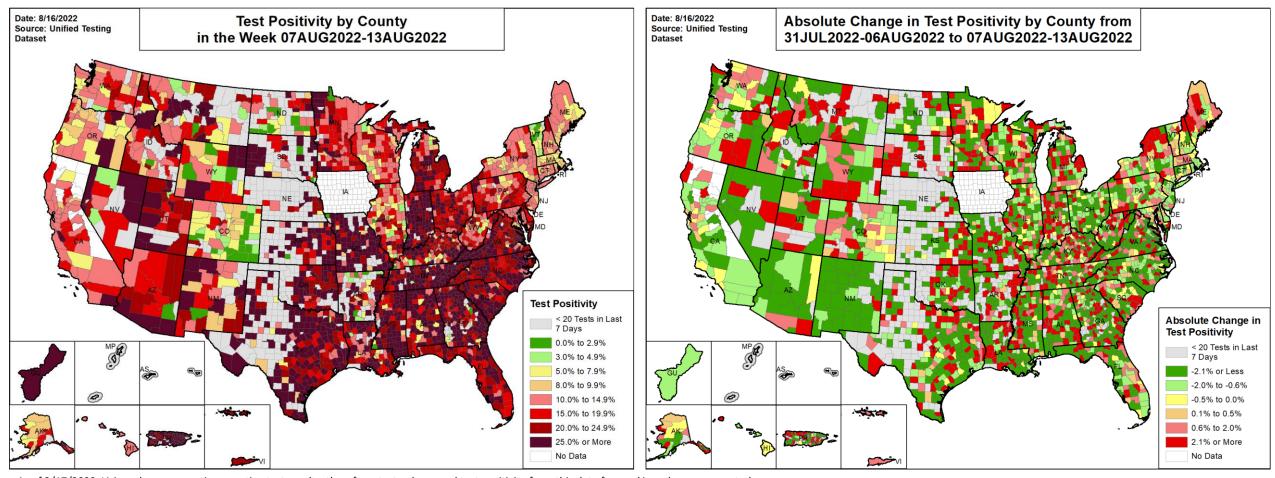


As of 4/7/2022, ND is no longer reporting county-level deaths; therefore, county-level death counts from this date forward are no longer available.

## NAAT POSITIVITY IN THE LAST 7 DAYS AND COMPARISON TO PREVIOUS 7 DAYS

**NAAT Positivity in Last 7 Days:** 16.2%

## **Absolute Change from Previous 7 Days:** -0.8%

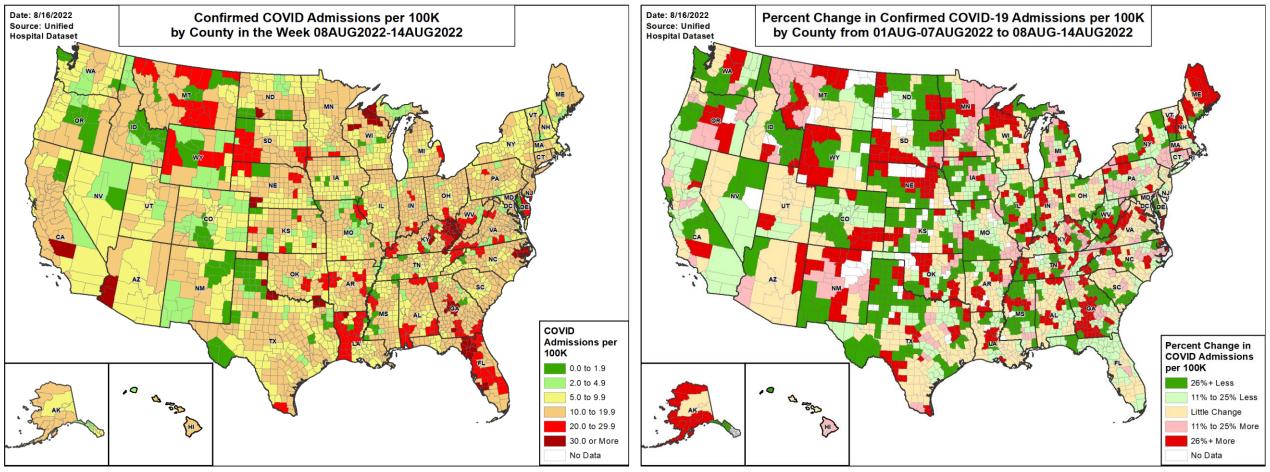


As of 2/17/2022, IA is no longer reporting negative test results; therefore, test volume and test positivity from this date forward is no longer presented.

## HOSPITAL ADMISSIONS IN THE LAST 7 DAYS AND COMPARISON TO THE PREVIOUS 7 DAYS

# **Total Confirmed COVID-19 Hospital Admissions in Last 7 Days:** 40,858

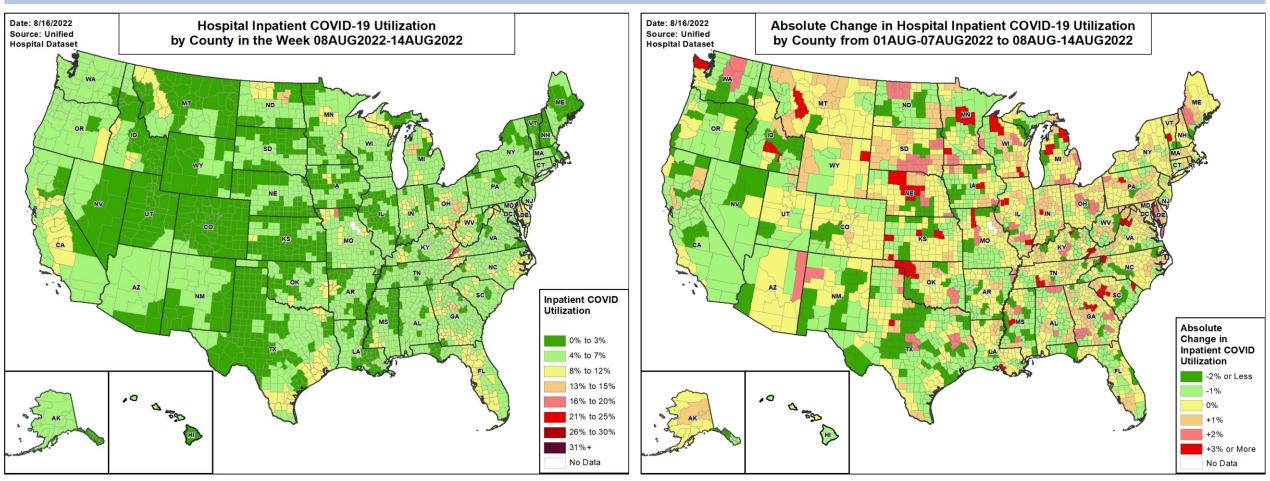
**Percent Change from Previous 7 Days:** -4.3%



**Source:** Unified Hospital Dataset, excluding psychiatric, rehabilitation, and religious non-medical hospitals. Confirmed COVID-19 admissions are all confirmed daily admissions reported within the last 7 days. County data is mapped from Health Service Areas, defined as a single county or cluster of counties that are generally self contained with respect to hospital care.

# **Average Daily COVID-19 Hospital Inpatients over Last 7 Days:** 35,972

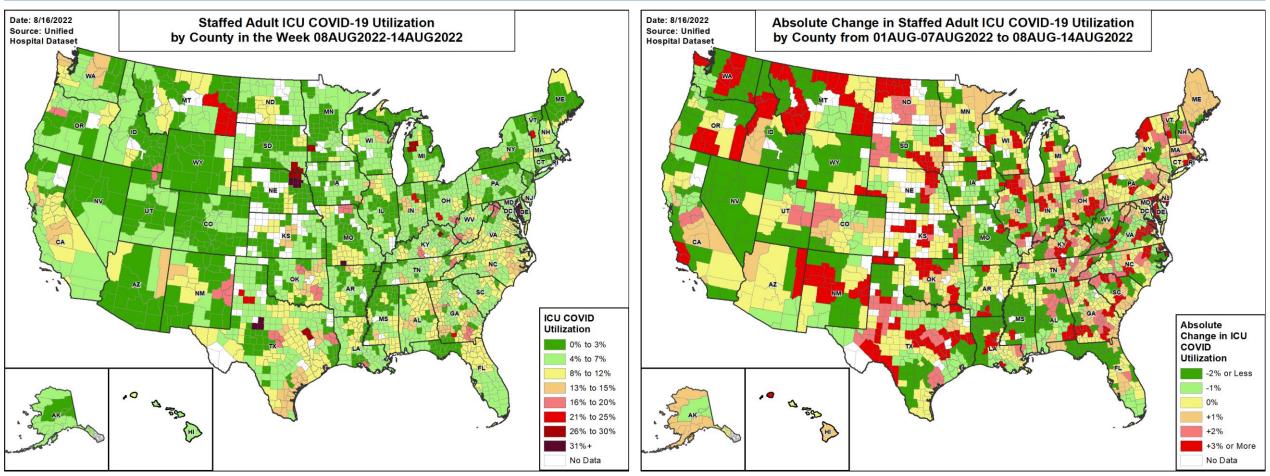
### **Percent Change from Previous 7 Days:** -4.0%



**Source:** Unified Hospital Dataset, excluding psychiatric, rehabilitation, and religious non-medical hospitals. COVID-19 inpatient utilization indicates average percentage of staffed inpatient beds occupied by confirmed COVID-19 patients within the given time period. County data is mapped from Health Service Areas, defined as a single county or cluster of counties that are generally self contained with respect to hospital care. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

# Average Daily Adult ICU COVID-19 Patients over Last 7 Days: 4,430

## **Percent Change from Previous 7 Days: -2.6%**



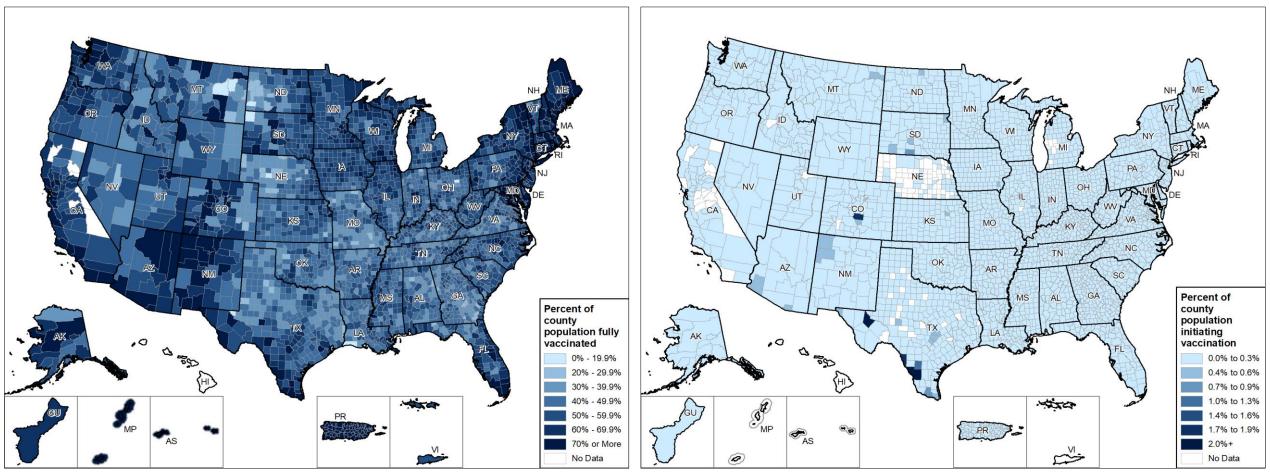
**Source:** Unified Hospital Dataset, excluding psychiatric, rehabilitation, and religious non-medical hospitals. Staffed adult ICU COVID-19 utilization indicates average percentage of staffed adult ICU beds occupied by confirmed COVID-19 patients within the given time period. County data is mapped from Health Service Areas, defined as a single county or cluster of counties that are generally self contained with respect to hospital care. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

## **VACCINATION RATES BY COUNTY**

Percent of Population Fully Vaccinated: 67.3%

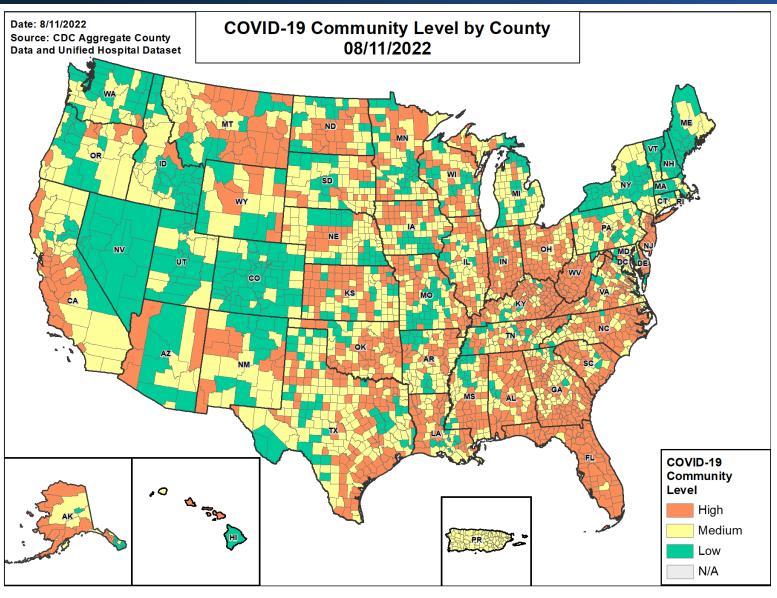
Percent of Population with at Least 1 Dose: 78.9%

Percent of Population Initiating Vaccination in the Last Week: 0.1%

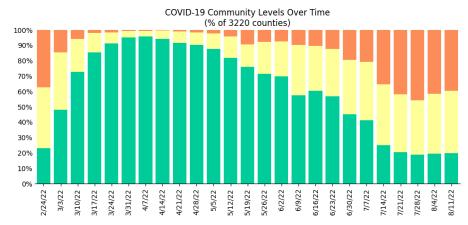


Source: Unified COVID-19 Vaccine Dataset. Data include the Moderna, Pfizer-BioNTech, and J&J/Janssen COVID 19 vaccines and reflects current data available as of 8/10/2022. Fully vaccinated indicates those who received the second dose of Pfizer-BioNTech or Moderna vaccines and those who received one dose of J&J/Janssen COVID-19 vaccine. Initiating vaccination indicates those who have received the first dose of the Pfizer-BioNTech or Moderna vaccines and those who have received a dose of the J&J/Janssen vaccine in the last week. Values reflect total by report date, not administered date. In instances where the number of people fully vaccinated is greater than those with at least one dose for a specific county, the county will have "no data" on the map of population initiating vaccination; see COVID Data Tracker for further information. The following states have ≤80% completeness reporting vaccinations by county, which may result in underestimates of vaccination data for counties and CBSAs: VA (79%), GU (76%), VT (74%), HI (0%)

## **COVID-19 COMMUNITY LEVEL**



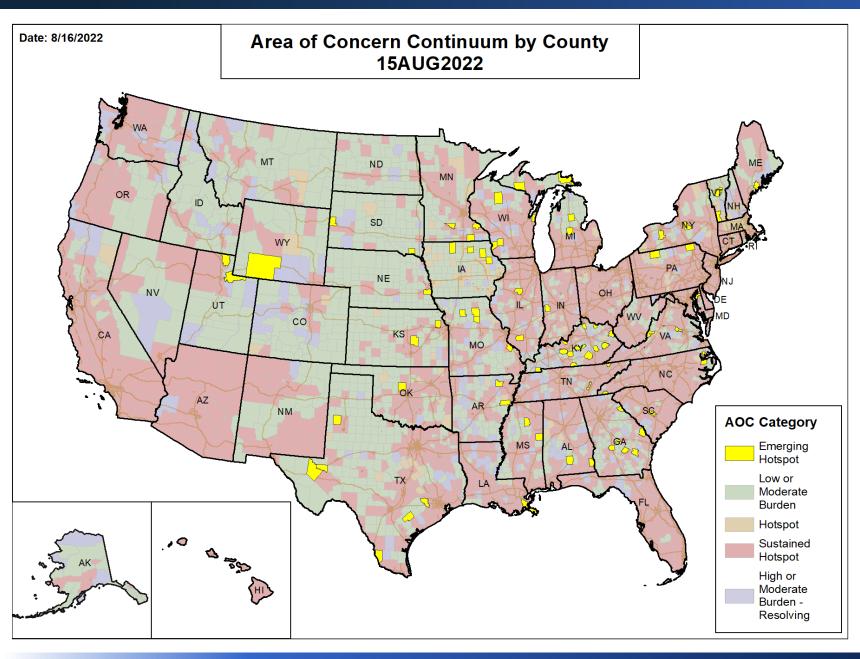
Counties by COVID-19 Community Level Component Metrics							
< 200 Cases per 100k							
Admissions per 100k	< 10.0	10.0 - 19.9	20.0 +				
# of counties (change)	643 (↑14)	738 (个74)	121 (↓4)				
% of counties (change)	20.0% (个0.4%)	22.9% (个2.3%)	3.8% (\$\sqrt{0.1%})				
COVID Inpatient Occupancy	<10.0%	10.0% to 14.9%	15.0% +				
# of counties (change)	1,476 (个92)	25 (↓1)	0 (↓8)				
% of counties (change)	45.8% (个2.9%)	0.8% (↓0.0%)	0.0% (↓0.2%)				
	200 + Case	s per 100k					
Admissions	s per 100k	< 10.0	10.0 +				
# of countie	s (change)	576 (↓15)	1,142 (↓69)				
% of countie	es (change)	17.9% (↓0.5%)	35.5% (\$\sqrt{2.1%})				
COVID Inpatie	nt Occupancy	< 10.0%	10.0% +				
# of countie	s (change)	1,640 (↓59)	76 (↓24)				
% of countie	es (change)	50.9% (↓1.8%)	2.4% (↓0.7%)				
C	Counties by COVID-1	9 Community Level					
Category	Low	Medium	High				
# of counties (change)	636 (个11)	1,309 (个57)	1,275 (↓68)				
% of counties (change)	19.8% (个0.3%)	40.7% (个1.8%)	39.6% (\$\square\$2.1%)				
% of population (change)	17.9% (个2.5%)	37.5% (↑8.0%)	44.6% ( 10.5%)				



Source: CDC Aggregate County Dataset (cases), Unified Hospital Dataset (admissions)

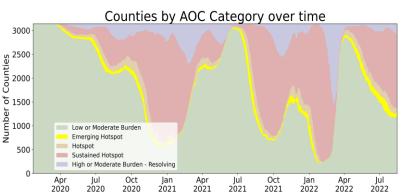
**Notes**: Cases data from August 4-10, 2022, hospital data from August 3-9, 2022. COVID-19 Community Level is determined by the higher of the new admissions and inpatient bed metrics, based on the current level of new cases per 100,000 population in the past 7 days. Admissions per 100k refers to the 7-day total of confirmed COVID-19 hospital admissions. COVID Inpatient Occupancy refers to the percent of staffed inpatient beds occupied by a COVID-19 patient (7-day average). A county is N/A if hospital data is not available. County data is mapped from Health Service Areas, defined as a single county or cluster of counties that are generally self-contained with respect to hospital care. Previous week levels are computed based on current data. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

# AREA OF CONCERN CONTINUUM

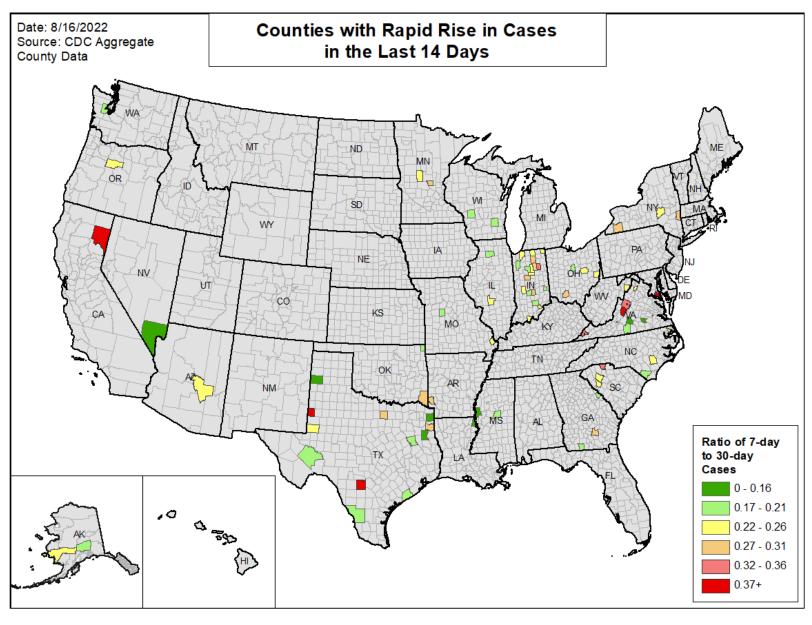


The Areas of Concern Continuum (AOCC) is used to describe communities as they progress through stages of the epidemic. There are 7 possible AOC classifications based on current and recent history of case and testing data for the location:

- (1) Low Burden communities with minimal activity
- (2) **Moderate Burden** communities with moderate disease activity
- (3) **Emerging Hotspot** communities with a high likelihood to become hotspots in the next 1-7 days
- (4) **Hotspot** communities that have reached a threshold of disease activity considered as being of high burden
- (5) **Sustained Hotspot** communities that have had a high sustained case burden and may be higher risk for experiencing healthcare resource limitations
- (6) **High Burden Resolving** communities that were recently identified as hotspots and are now improving
- (7) **Moderate Burden Resolving** communities that have a moderate level of burden, but are demonstrating improvement See Data Sources/Methods slides for more information.



# **AREA OF CONCERN CONTINUUM - RAPID RISER COUNTIES**



This map shows counties that have seen a rapid rise in cases within the last 14 days by meeting the following Rapid Riser County criteria:

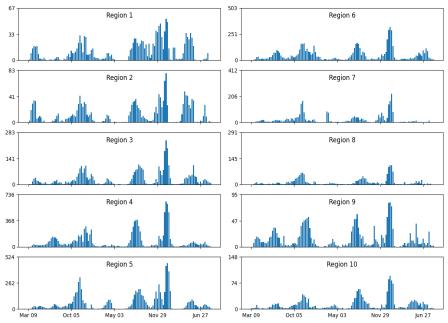
- >100 new cases in last 7 days
- >0% change in 7-day incidence
- >-60% change in 3-day incidence
- 7-day incidence / 30-day incidence ratio >0.31
- one or both of the following triggering criteria:
  - (a) >60% change in 3-day incidence,
  - (b) >60% change in 7-day incidence

The color indicates *current* acceleration in cases (ratio of 7-day to 30-day cases). Counties in light red and red are continuing to see accelerating cases in the most recent week, while those in dark green and green may have seen declines in the most recent week.

The bar charts below show the history of rapid riser counties by FEMA region and week, indicating when different geographic areas have seen the greatest acceleration in cases.

#### # of Distinct Rapid Riser Counties by Week and FEMA Region

(vertical axis scaled to number of counties in region)





# NATIONAL AND REGIONAL METRICS

#### **National Metrics**

	Last 7 days								
	Cases (per 100k)	NAAT positivity	Confirmed admissions (per 100k)	ICU COVID-19 utilization	Deaths (per 100k)				
U.S Total - Last 7 Days	687,607 (207)	16.2%	40,858 (12.3)	6%	2,910 (0.9)				
U.S. Total - 1 Week Ago	783,248 (236)	17.0%	42,679 (12.9)	6%	2,954 (0.9)				
U.S. Total - Aug 2022 Peak	855,861 (258)	17.9%	43,449 (13.1)	6%	3,138 (0.9)				
U.S. Total - Jul 2022 Peak	909,245 (274)	18.6%	45,027 (13.6)	6%	3,119 (0.9)				
U.S. Total - Jun 2022 Peak	794,074 (239)	16.3%	35,245 (10.6)	4%	2,666 (0.8)				
U.S. Total - May 2022 Peak	775,642 (234)	11.8%	26,748 (8.1)	3%	2,677 (0.8)				
U.S. Total - Apr 2022 Peak	405,487 (122)	6.7%	14,460 (4.4)	3%	4,178 (1.3)				
U.S. Total - Mar 2022 Peak	383,664 (116)	3.8%	30,275 (9.1)	10%	12,564 (3.8)				
U.S. Total - Feb 2022 Peak	2,906,920 (876)	18.3%	112,349 (33.8)	28%	19,051 (5.7)				
U.S. Total - Jan 2022 Peak	5,676,178 (1,710)	29.2%	150,674 (45.4)	31%	18,465 (5.6)				
U.S. Total - Dec 2021 Peak	2,784,439 (839)	26.0%	91,155 (27.5)	21%	9,152 (2.8)				

Change from previous week							
Pct change in cases	Absolute change in NAAT pos.	Pct change in confirmed admissions	Absolute change in ICU COVID-19 util.	Pct change in deaths			
-12%	-0.8%	-4%	-0%	-1%			
-8%	-1.1%	-2%	-0%	-2%			

Daily case trend
- last 8 weeks

Last 7 days indicates cases/deaths data from 8/9-8/15, admissions data from 8/8-8/14, and testing data from 8/7-8/13.

#### **Regional Metrics**

			Last 7 days								
FEMA Region (Population)	Cases (per 100k)	NAAT positivity	Confirmed admissions (per 100k)	ICU COVID-19 utilization	Deaths (per 100k)	Pct change in cases	Absolute change in NAAT pos.	Pct change in confirmed admissions	Absolute change in ICU COVID-19 util.	Pct change in deaths	Daily case trend - last 8 weeks
Region 4 (66,908,139)	148,785 (222)	22.5%	10,799 (16.1)	7%	426 (0.6)	-22%	-1.2%	-4%	-0%	-37%	~~~
Region 9 (51,554,700)	113,002 (219)	14.4%	5,357 (10.4)	6%	476 (0.9)	-14%	-0.0%	-6%	-1%	+16%	
Region 5 (52,542,063)	104,404 (199)	16.0%	6,459 (12.3)	5%	513 (1.0)	-10%	-1.0%	-2%	0%	+23%	~~~~
Region 6 (42,716,279)	97,744 (229)	23.9%	5,631 (13.2)	7%	380 (0.9)	-8%	-3.2%	-3%	-0%	+13%	
Region 2 (31,635,735)	75,462 (239)	11.1%	3,520 (11.1)	5%	282 (0.9)	-11%	-1.1%	-8%	0%	-8%	
Region 3 (30,854,848)	62,590 (203)	16.1%	3,603 (11.7)	5%	307 (1.0)	+10%	-0.9%	-1%	0%	+18%	~~~~
Region 7 (14,140,220)	24,028 (170)	30.0%	1,625 (11.5)	5%	127 (0.9)	-15%	-1.9%	-11%	-1%	+10%	~~~~~
Region 10 (14,351,240)	21,976 (153)	12.3%	1,183 (8.2)	5%	223 (1.6)	-14%	-0.6%	-10%	-1%	+23%	~~~~
Region 1 (14,845,063)	18,209 (123)	9.0%	1,431 (9.6)	4%	98 (0.7)	-14%	-0.2%	+1%	0%	-20%	-MM
Region 8 (12,258,952)	17,184 (140)	11.1%	1,250 (10.2)	5%	68 (0.6)	-16%	-0.1%	-1%	0%	-42%	

# **STATE PROFILES**

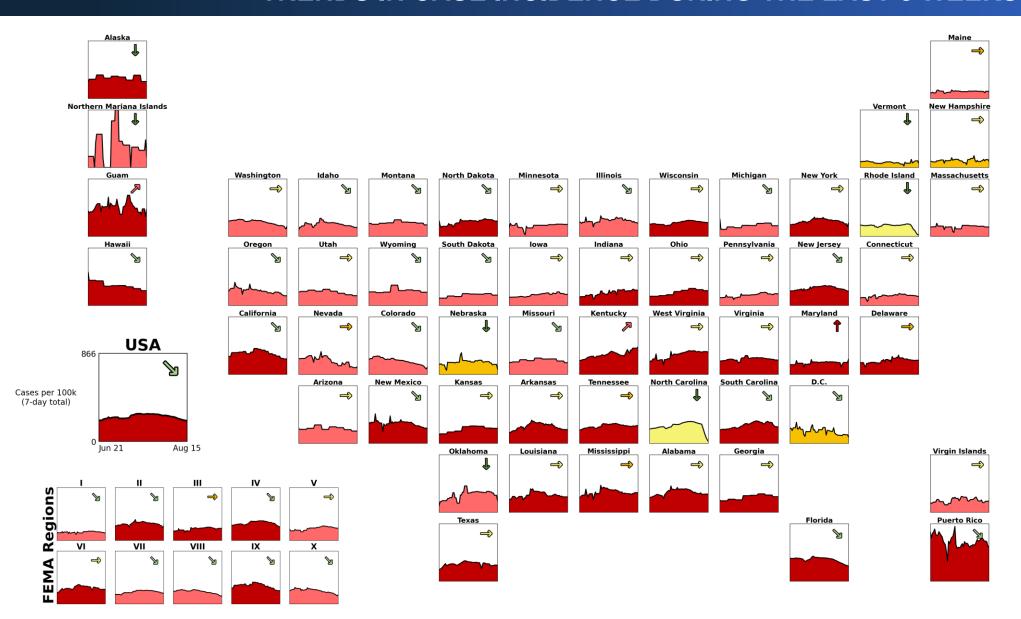
States, DC, and PR listed alphabetically
Case Data from August 9-15, Admissions Data from August 8-14, Test Positivity Data from August 7-13

		Last 7 days		Chang	ge from previou	s week	Daily case			Last 7 days Change from previous week			s week	Daily case	
State	Cases (per 100k)	NAAT positivity	Confirmed admissions (per 100k)	Pct. change in cases	Abs. change in NAAT pos.	Pct. change in conf. adm. per 100k	trend - last 8 weeks	State	Cases (per 100k)	NAAT positivity	Confirmed admissions (per 100k)	Pct. change in cases	Abs. change in NAAT pos.	Pct. change in conf. adm. per 100k	trend - last 8 weeks
AL	13,126 (268)	23.0%	794 (16.2)	-9%	-1.7%	+2%	Luna	MT	1,861 (174)	16.4%	188 (17.6)	-13%	-0.5%	+21%	~
AK	1,868 (255)	18.4%	110 (15.0)	-27%	-3.1%	+21%	لمحرآ	NE	1,431 (74)	23.0%	207 (10.7)	-57%	-3.0%	-3%	A.M.
AZ	13,501 (185)	21.4%	705 (9.7)	-10%	-2.4%	+0%	~~~~~	NV	3,561 (116)	19.7%	228 (7.4)	+6%	-5.0%	-10%	man
AR	6,274 (208)	17.7%	412 (13.7)	-7%	-0.9%	-2%	m	NH	1,327 (98)	10.3%	114 (8.4)	-4%	-0.9%	-6%	whythe
CA	91,940 (233)	13.2%	4,182 (10.6)	-15%	-0.5%	-7%	1-2	NJ	19,196 (216)	12.2%	1,101 (12.4)	-13%	-1.0%	-3%	my
СО	6,407 (111)	7.8%	440 (7.6)	-24%	+0.0%	-14%	~~	NM	4,536 (216)	17.8%	214 (10.2)	-16%	-6.0%	+13%	Spher
CT	4,875 (137)	11.1%	430 (12.1)	-10%	-0.8%	-1%	home	NY	39,441 (203)	10.1%	2,161 (11.1)	-7%	-1.1%	-11%	~~~~
DE	2,095 (215)	18.2%	157 (16.1)	+1%	-1.2%	+5%	mark.	NC	3,290 (31)	23.1%	1,247 (11.9)	-89%	-1.6%	+4%	
DC	674 (96)	10.0%	146 (20.7)	-20%	+0.6%	-3%	mrrh	ND	1,705 (224)	12.4%	98 (12.9)	-12%	-1.2%	-3%	Lymn
FL	49,030 (228)	20.8%	4,541 (21.1)	-16%	-1.1%	-9%	~	ОН	26,016 (223)	18.3%	1,575 (13.5)	-6%	-1.8%	-7%	
GA	24,937 (235)	23.0%	1,628 (15.3)	-10%	-1.7%	+4%		OK	6,895 (174)	26.3%	483 (12.2)	-43%	-1.3%	-7%	~~~~
HI	3,141 (222)	12.6%	211 (14.9)	-13%	-1.0%	+0%	L-1	OR	6,029 (143)	10.0%	357 (8.5)	-23%	-0.5%	-15%	Aphan
ID	2,356 (132)	13.5%	149 (8.3)	-18%	+0.2%	-19%	~~~	PA	22,046 (172)	15.7%	1,450 (11.3)	+0%	-0.7%	+3%	m
IL	25,127 (198)	11.7%	1,594 (12.6)	-17%	-0.5%	-5%	you	PR	16,645 (521)	32.9%	252 (7.9)	-19%	+0.5%	-8%	mylan
IN	14,989 (223)	27.5%	915 (13.6)	+0%	+0.7%	-1%	why	RI	273 (26)	9.8%	92 (8.7)	-84%	-1.3%	+19%	~~~
IA†	5,165 (164)	N/A	345 (10.9)	-9%	N/A	-19%	~~~~~	SC	12,726 (247)	24.4%	678 (13.2)	-22%	-0.0%	-11%	~~~
KS	6,597 (226)	23.0%	307 (10.5)	-2%	-1.5%	-7%		SD	1,372 (155)	25.2%	155 (17.5)	-13%	+2.6%	+16%	77
KY	18,494 (414)	19.9%	867 (19.4)	+13%	+0.1%	+12%	~~~~~	TN	18,472 (270)	30.1%	753 (11.0)	+7%	-0.1%	-9%	~~~
LA	10,887 (234)	18.2%	738 (15.9)	-1%	-7.1%	-3%	~~~	TX	69,152 (238)	26.5%	3,784 (13.1)	-2%	-2.2%	-4%	m
ME	1,457 (108)	9.3%	102 (7.6)	+1%	+0.2%	+9%	yhmy	UT	4,688 (146)	23.2%	303 (9.5)	-9%	-1.0%	-1%	~~~~
MD	13,812 (228)	12.7%	578 (9.6)	+104%	-0.2%	-7%	Through	VT	395 (63)	4.7%	46 (7.4)	-48%	-0.2%	+28%	- wh
MA	9,882 (143)	8.0%	647 (9.4)	-7%	-0.1%	-1%	- Ahr	VA	18,025 (211)	23.0%	921 (10.8)	-7%	-2.8%	+2%	~~~
MI	16,137 (162)	21.5%	1,110 (11.1)	-20%	-0.6%	+4%	L	WA	11,723 (154)	13.0%	567 (7.4)	-4%	-0.1%	-9%	~~~
MN	10,240 (182)	16.1%	570 (10.1)	-2%	+0.2%	+9%	~~~	WV	5,938 (331)	14.6%	351 (19.6)	-1%	+0.1%	-12%	Ayh
MS	8,710 (293)	29.1%	291 (9.8)	+5%	-1.7%	-20%	Art	WI	11,895 (204)	14.1%	695 (11.9)	-7%	-0.9%	+3%	~~~
MO	10,835 (177)	34.3%	766 (12.5)	-12%	-2.8%	-11%	75-7-	WY	1,151 (199)	13.2%	66 (11.4)	-11%	-0.0%	+5%	/

†As of 2/17/2022, IA is no longer reporting negative test results; therefore, test volume and test positivity from this date forward is no longer presented.



## TRENDS IN CASE INCIDENCE DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



#### Case incidence categories

(based on cases per 100,000 population in the last 7 days)

4 or less
5 - 9
10 - 49
50 - 99
100 - 199
200 or more

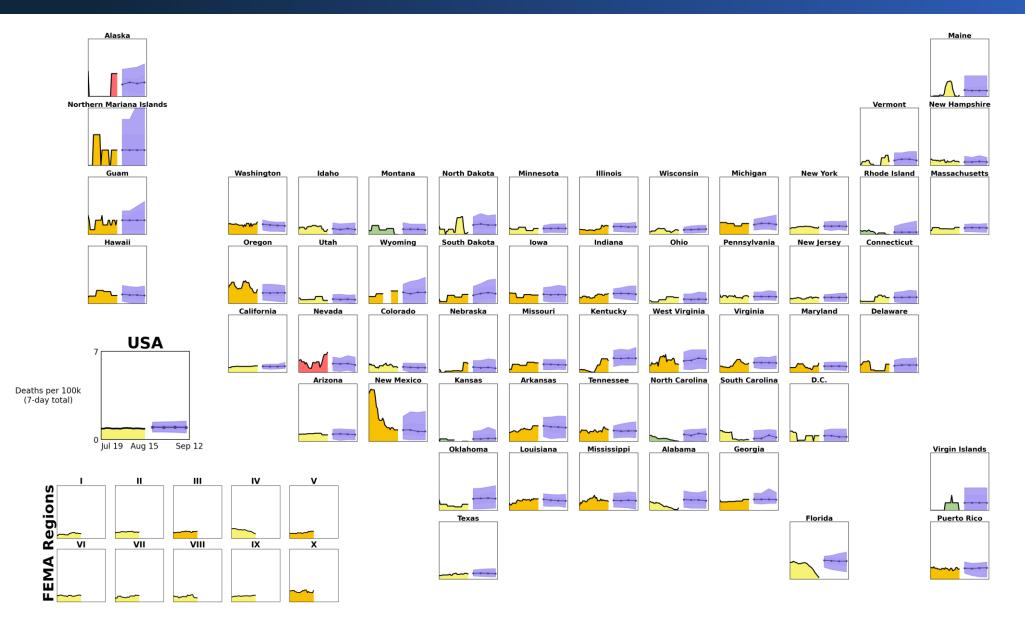
## Weekly % change categories

(arrow based on % change in weekly cases)

-26% or less	1
-25%11%	7
-10% - 0%	$\rightarrow$
+1% - +10%	$\rightarrow$
+11% - +25%	7
+26% or more	个

Source: CDC state-reported data. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

## TRENDS IN MORTALITY RATE DURING THE LAST 4 WEEKS AND 4 WEEK FORECAST



#### Mortality rate categories

(based on deaths per 100,000 population in the last 7 days)



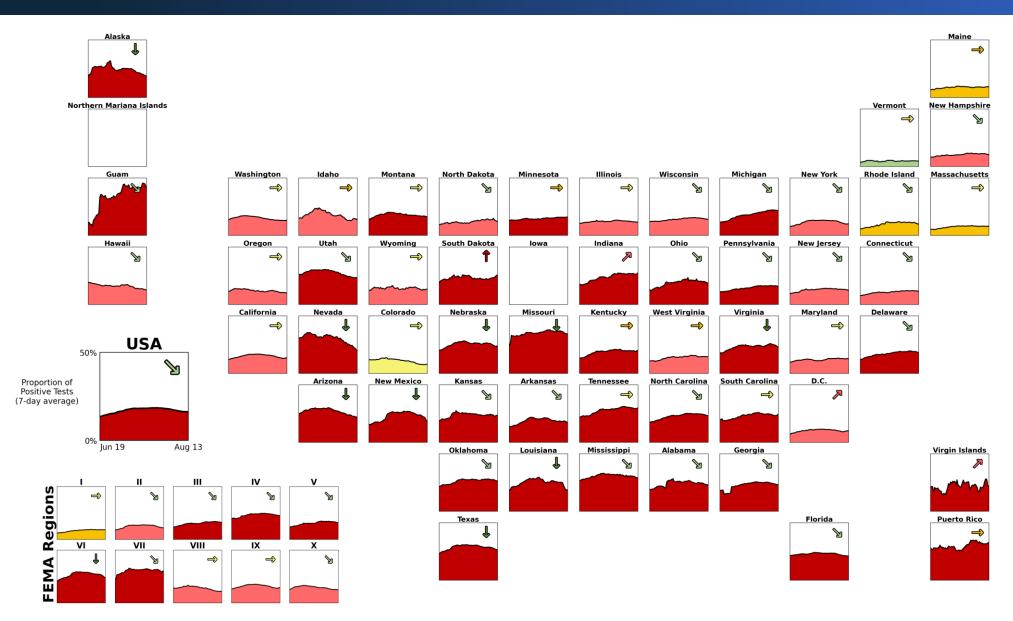
Projected Deaths50% Prediction Interval

95% Prediction Interval

Source: CDC state-reported data. Indicates date of report for most states, but date of death for some. See Data Sources/Methods for additional details.

Forecast: The forecast displays projected weekly death totals using an ensemble of predictive models generated by academic, private industry, and governmental groups. Models make various assumptions about the levels of social distancing and other interventions, which may not reflect recent changes in behavior. FEMA regions are not included in the forecast. More information is available at <a href="tel:covid-19 Forecast Hub">tel:covid-19 Forecast Hub</a>. The forecast date is as of 8/15.

## TRENDS IN NAAT POSITIVITY DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



#### NAAT positivity categories

(based on proportion of positive tests over the last 7 days)

2.9% or less
3.0% - 4.9%
5.0% - 7.9%
8.0% - 9.9%
10.0% - 14.9%

15.0% or more

## Weekly absolute change categories

(arrow based on absolute change in weekly NAAT positivity)

-2 1% or less

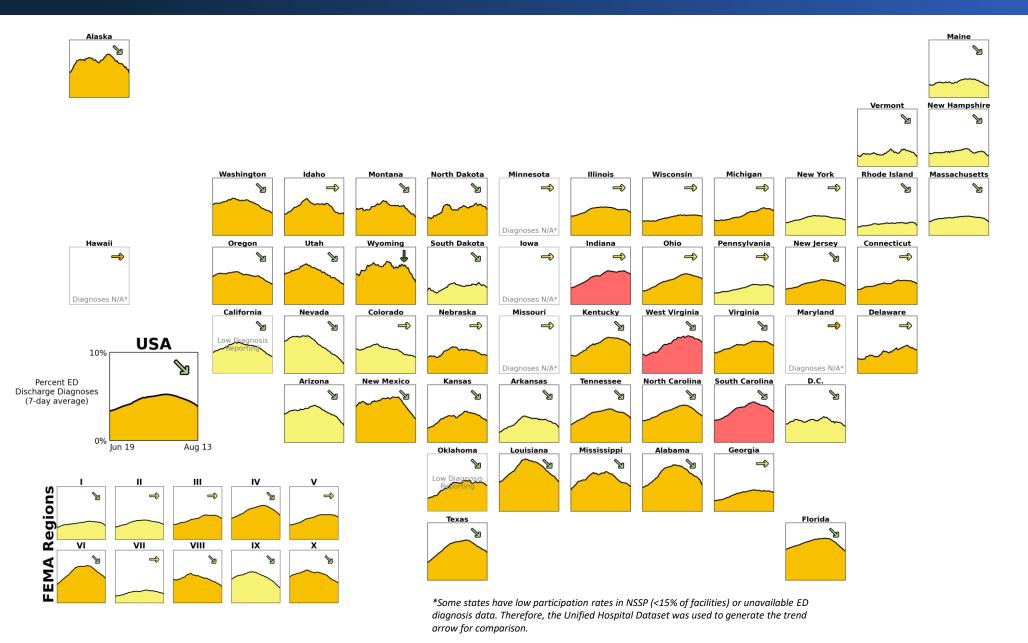
Z. I /0 OI (C33	•
-2.0%0.6%	7
-0.5% - 0.0%	$\rightarrow$
+0.1% - +0.5%	$\rightarrow$
+0.6% - +2.0%	7
+2.1% or more	个

Most recent dates may be less reliable due to delayed reporting. Gray shading indicates limited or no reporting in most recent week. Missing arrows are due to missing data.

**Source**: Unified Testing Dataset. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

As of 2/17/2022, IA is no longer reporting negative test results; therefore, test volume and test positivity from this date forward is no longer presented.

## TRENDS IN EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT DISCHARGE DIAGNOSES DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



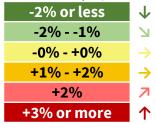
#### Average percent of ED visits with COVID-19 discharge diagnosis

(based on proportion of discharge diagnoses including COVID-19 over the last 7 days)

0.9% or less
1.0% - 2.9%
3.0% - 4.9%
5.0% - 7.9%
8.0% or more

#### Weekly absolute change

(based on change in COVID-19 diagnosis percentage, or COVID-19 ED visit percentage where diagnosis data is incomplete)



Primary Source: National Syndromic Surveillance Program (NSSP). <15% of ED facilities in CA, HI, IA, MN, and OK participate in NSSP. MO discharge diagnosis data is incomplete. MD discharge diagnosis data is unavailable.

Secondary Source: Unified Hospital Dataset ED visits. This includes all visits related to COVID-19, which includes patients that "meet suspected or confirmed definition or presents for COVID diagnostic testing".

See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

## TRENDS IN HOSPITAL ADMISSIONS DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



## Confirmed admission rate categories

(based on confirmed COVID-19 hospital admissions per 100,000 population over the last 7 days)

1.9 or less
2.0 - 4.9
5.0 - 9.9
10.0 - 19.9
20.0 - 29.9
30.0 or more

# Weekly % change categories

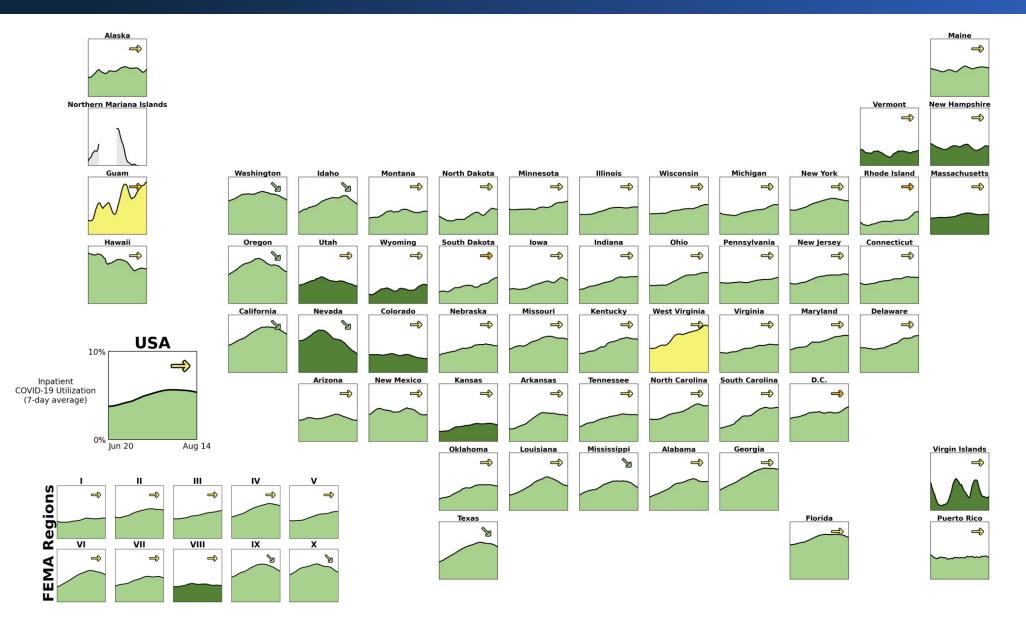
(arrow based on % change in weekly confirmed COVID-19 hospital admissions)

-26% or less	$\downarrow$
-25%11%	7
-10% - 0%	$\rightarrow$
+1% - +10%	$\rightarrow$
+11% - +25%	7
+26% or more	个

Figure depicts confirmed COVID-19 hospital admissions per 100,000 population.

**Source:** Unified Hospital Dataset. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

## TRENDS IN HOSPITAL INPATIENT COVID UTILIZATION DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



# Inpatient bed utilization categories

(based on average percentage of beds occupied by confirmed COVID-19 patients over the last 7 days)

3% or less
4% - 7%
8% - 12%
13% - 15%
16% - 20%
21% or more

## Weekly absolute change categories

(arrow based on absolute change in weekly % of beds occupied by confirmed COVID-19 patients)

-2% or less	$\downarrow$
-1%	7
0%	$\rightarrow$
+1%	$\rightarrow$
+2%	7
+3% or more	个

**Source**: Unified Hospital Dataset. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

## TRENDS IN STAFFED ADULT ICU BED CAPACITY DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



#### Staffed Adult ICU COVID Utilization categories

(based on average percentage of beds occupied by confirmed COVID-19 patients over the last 7 days)

3% or less
4% - 7%
8% - 12%
13% - 15%
16% - 20%
21% or more

# Weekly absolute change categories

(arrow based on absolute change in weekly % of ICU beds occupied by confirmed COVID-19 patients)

-2% or less	↓
-1%	7
0%	$\rightarrow$
+1%	$\rightarrow$
+2%	7
+3% or more	1

Color based on ICU confirmed COVID-19 utilization only. Light gray based on overall ICU utilization. Most recent dates may be less reliable due to delayed reporting. Missing arrows are due to missing data.

**Source**: Unified Hospital Dataset. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

## TRENDS IN PERCENT OF POPULATION AGED 5-11 INITIATING VACCINATION DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



#### Percent of population 5-11 initiating vaccination

(based on percent of population in last 7 days)



# Weekly absolute change categories

(arrow based on absolute change in percent of population)



+0.11% - +0.25%

+0.26% or more

**Source:** Unified COVID-19 Vaccine

Dataset. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

ID, TX, and WY recently issued corrections to their vaccination data, resulting in negative values for some age groups initiating vaccination in the previous week, therefore the week-on-week change cannot be calculated.

### TRENDS IN PERCENT OF POPULATION AGED 5+ INITIATING VACCINATION DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



#### Percent of population 5+ initiating vaccination

(based on percent of population in last 7 days)



#### Weekly absolute change categories

(arrow based on absolute change in percent of population)

-0.25%0.11%	
-0.10% - +0.01%	-
+0.030/- +0.100/-	

-0.26% or less

+0.02% - +0.10% +0.11% - +0.25%

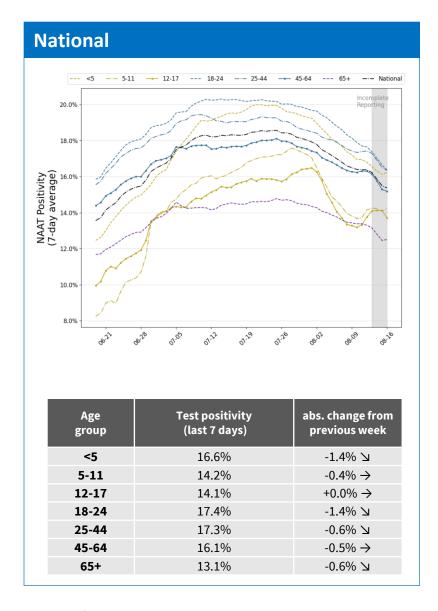
+0.26% or more

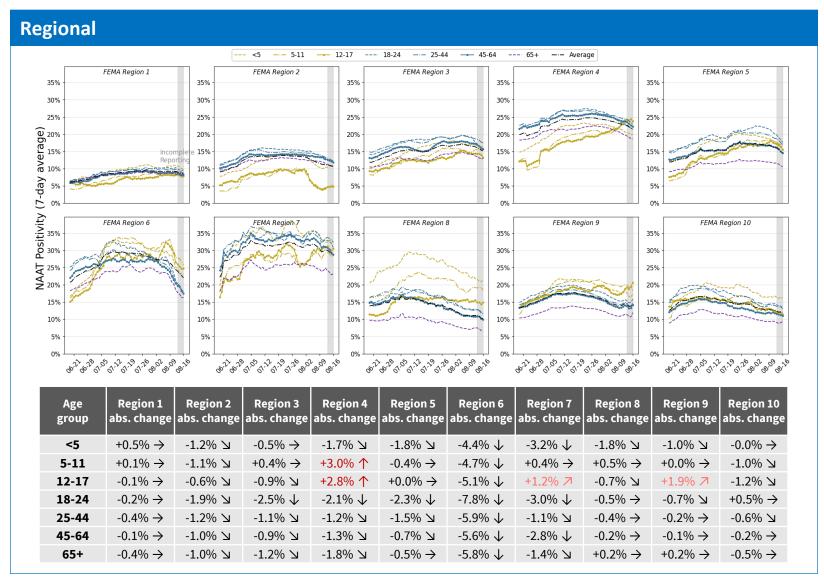
**Source:** Unified COVID-19 Vaccine

Dataset. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

ID, TX, and WY recently issued corrections to their vaccination data, resulting in negative values for some age groups initiating vaccination in the previous week, therefore the week-on-week change cannot be calculated.

## TRENDS IN COVID-19 TEST POSITIVITY BY AGE GROUP AND REGION

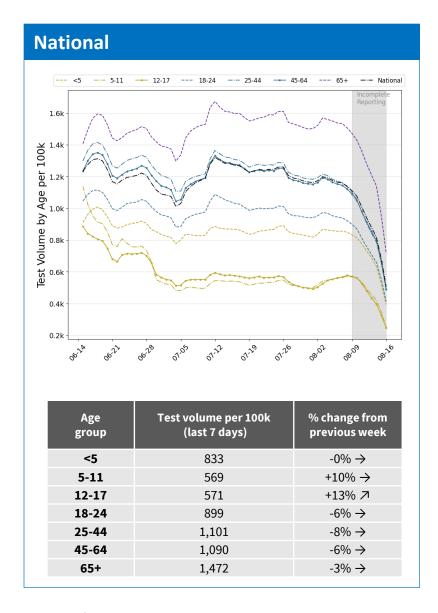


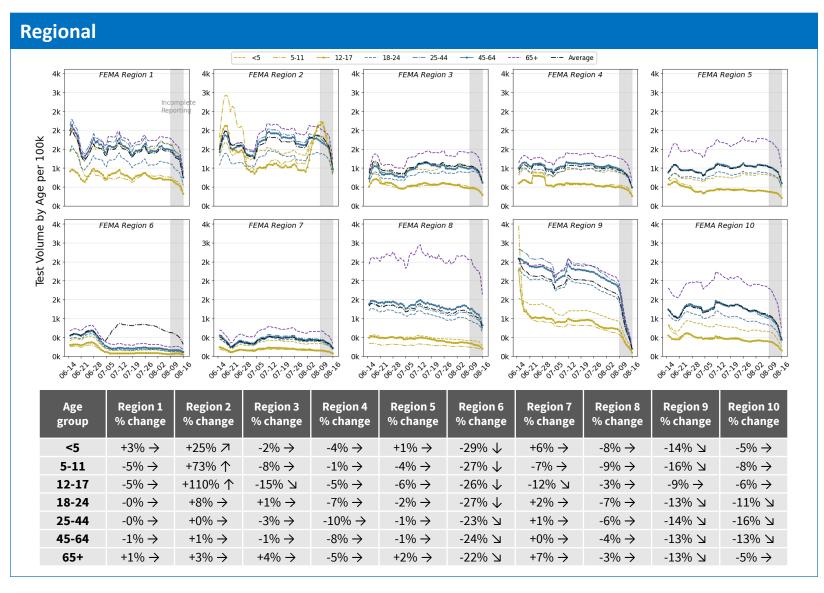


Source: Unified Testing Dataset. Figures show 7-day average over the last 8 weeks. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details. Absolute change is shown as light red if +0.6% to +2.0%, and dark red if +2.1% or higher.



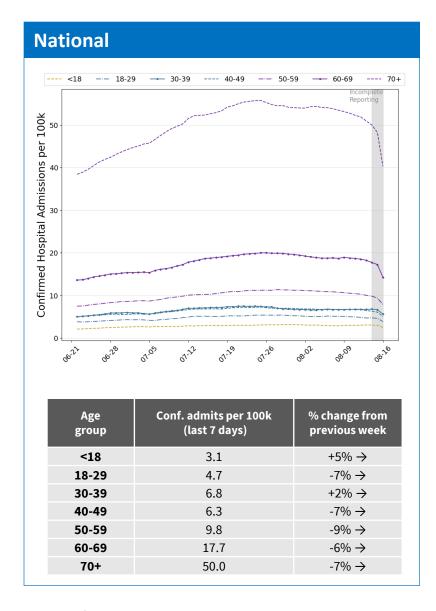
## TRENDS IN COVID-19 TEST VOLUME BY AGE GROUP AND REGION

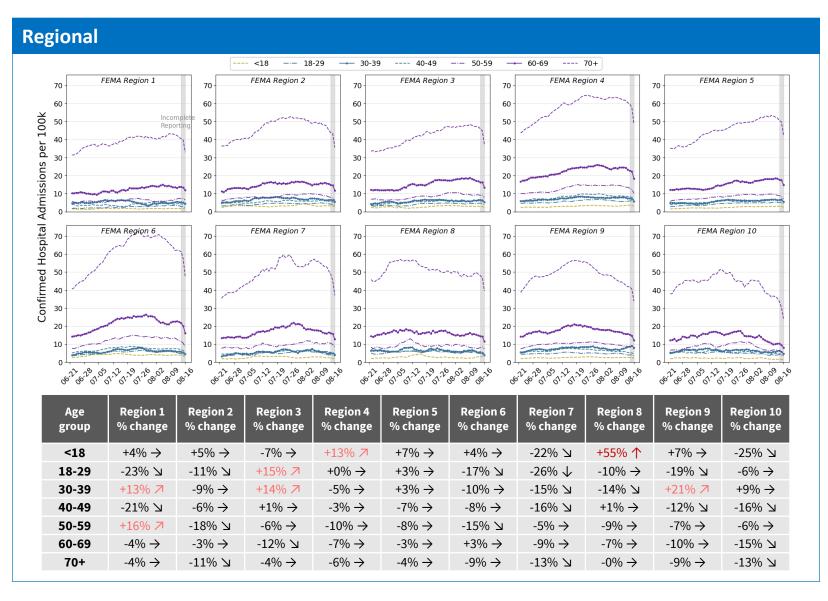




Source: Unified Testing Dataset. Figures show 7-day totals over the last 8 weeks. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

## TRENDS IN CONFIRMED COVID-19 ADMISSIONS BY AGE GROUP AND REGION





Source: Unified Hospital Dataset. Figures show 7-day totals over the last 8 weeks. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details. Percent change is shown as light red if +11% to +25%, and dark red if +26% or higher.



#### DATA SOURCES AND METHODS

#### **DATA NOTES**

- Some dates may have incomplete data due to delays in reporting. Data may be backfilled over time, resulting in changes from day to day.
- Population/Demographics: Population and demographic data is from US Census Vintage 2019 Demographic Estimates.
- Cases and Deaths: COVID-19 case and death metrics at the state and county level are generated using a dataset managed by the CDC which is compiled from state and local health departments. Most states and localities report both confirmed and suspected cases and deaths, although some report just confirmed cases and deaths. To ensure data quality, daily data alerts are monitored for deviations in the data (e.g., decreases in cumulative values, no change in values, abnormal increases in values). These alerts are manually reviewed every day by checking the data against local government websites, state websites, and news sources, and the raw values are corrected as needed to reflect local government reports. Cases and deaths are based on date of report in most states, but on date of symptom onset or date of death in others. Some states use a combination of the two methods. For date of report states, there may be artificial spikes in any given day of data caused by delayed reporting; for date of event states, there are frequent updates to time series and it may take several days (for cases) or several weeks (for deaths) for complete data. This may cause artificial spikes in any given day of data. Changes in reporting may also cause temporary spikes or dips (e.g. shifts from reporting confirmed and probable cases to reporting just confirmed cases). Case data are presented as 7-day totals or averages to adjust for these anomalies as well as weekly variations in reporting. CBSA-level data are calculated by aggregating county/municipio-level data. Regional and national values are calculated by aggregating state-level data.
- Testing: CELR (COVID-19 Electronic Lab Reporting) state health department-reported data are used to describe state-level totals when able to be disaggregated from serology test results and to describe county-level totals when information is available on patients' county of residence or healthcare providers' practice location. HHS Protect laboratory data (provided directly to Federal Government from public health labs, hospital labs, and six commercial labs) are used otherwise. Some states did not report on certain days, which may affect the total number of tests resulted and positivity rate values. Total diagnostic tests are the number of tests performed, not the number of individuals tested. NAAT positivity rate is the number of positive tests divided by the number of tests performed and resulted. See <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/lab/resources/calculating-percent-positivity.html">https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/lab/resources/calculating-percent-positivity.html</a> for more information on this method. Testing data may be backfilled over time, resulting in changes week-to-week in testing data.
- Hospital Data: Unified Hospital Dataset, including federal facilities (VA, DHA, and IHS hospitals) and excluding psychiatric, rehabilitation, and religious non-medical hospitals.
  - Hospital data are reported to HHS either directly from facilities or via a state submission. Data for hospitals with the same CMS Certification Number (CCN) are aggregated. Three percent of CCNs contain multiple facilities that map to different counties and some of these may also map to different CBSAs. These data are reported daily by more than 6,000 facilities across the country. While these data are reviewed for errors and corrected, some reporting errors may still exist within the data. To minimize errors in data reported here, extreme outliers are removed from the data before the metrics are calculated.
  - Total inpatient and ICU bed counts are calculated as an average among reports from each hospital in the given timeframe. Unless otherwise noted, "inpatient beds" indicates staffed adult and pediatric inpatient beds, while "ICU beds" indicates staffed adult ICU beds. Utilization metrics calculate the average utilization in the geography for the week. Due to inconsistent reporting and impacts of staffing on the total number of beds at each hospital, variations may occur over time and the number shown may not be a full representation of the true number of resources in the area.

## DATA SOURCES AND METHODS - COLOR THRESHOLDS

# **Color Thresholds for Indicators**

The green-to-red color thresholds convey information on levels of transmission severity. There are not specific labels associated with each color threshold.

Colors are determined by first rounding a raw number to the nearest integer or tenth, and then selecting the associated color. If there is no data or a metric cannot be computed, a cell is colored gray.

Color thresholds were set based on a variety of factors and analyses, including assessing historical correlations in test positivity and case counts.

Additional shades of red are used for certain visualizations to provide greater context.

NOTE: Colors are applied after rounding to the displayed digits of precision

CASES/DEATHS						
	DARK GREEN	LIGHT GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	LIGHT RED	RED
Confirmed cases - 7-day total		colored by per capita thresholds				
Cases per 100k - 7-day total	4 or less	5 – 9	10 – 49	50 – 99	100 – 199	200 or more
Confirmed deaths - 7-day total		colored by per capita thresholds				
Confirmed deaths per 100k - 7-day total	not used	0.0	0.1 - 0.9	1.0 - 1.9	2.0 – 4.9	5.0 or more
Confirmed cases - % change Confirmed deaths - % change	-26% or less	-25% – -11%	-10% – +0%	+1% - +10%	+11% - +25%	+26% or more
					,	<u>'</u>

VIRAL (RT-PCR) LAB TESTING						
	DARK GREEN	LIGHT GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	LIGHT RED	RED
NAAT positivity rate - 7 day average	2.9% or less	3.0% - 4.9%	5.0% - 7.9%	8.0% - 9.9%	10.0% - 14.9%	15.0% or more
Total NAATs - 7-day total		colored by per capita thresholds				
NAATs per 100k - 7-day total	5,000 or more	3,000 – 4,999	2,000 - 2,999	1,000 - 1,999	500 – 999	499 or less
NAAT positivity rate - absolute change	-2.1% or less	-2.0%0.6%	-0.5% - +0.0%	+0.1% - +0.5%	+0.6% - +2.0%	+2.1% or more
Total NAATs - percent change	+26% or more	+25% - +11%	+10% - +1%	+0%10%	-11%25%	-26% or less

HOSPITAL UTILIZATION						
	DARK GREEN	LIGHT GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	LIGHT RED	RED
Confirmed COVID-19 admissions - 7-day total			colored by per .	100k thresholds		
Confirmed COVID-19 admissions per 100k - 7-day total	1.9 or less	2.0 – 4.9	5.0 - 9.9	10.0 – 19.9	20.0 – 29.9	30.0 or more
% inpatient beds occupied		GF	RAY		010/ 000/	010/
% ICU beds occupied	0% – 80%				81% – 90%	91% or more
% inpatient beds occupied by COVID-19 patient	3% or less	4% – 7%	8% – 12%	13% - 15%	16% – 20%	21% or more
% ICU beds occupied by COVID-19 patient	3% OF 1655	490 - 190	070 <b>-</b> 1270	13% - 13%	10% - 20%	21% 01 111016
Confirmed COVID-19 admissions per 100k - percent change	-26% or less	-25% – -11%	-10% - +0%	+1% - +10%	+11% - +25%	+26% or more
% inpatient beds occupied - absolute change						
% inpatient beds occupied by COVID-19 patient - absolute change	-2% or less	-1%	0%	+1%	+2%	+3% or more
% ICU beds occupied - absolute change	-2% Of less	-1%0	0%0	+1%0	<b>+2</b> %0	+3% of Illore
% ICU beds occupied by COVID-19 patient - absolute change						
Monoclonal antibody courses administered by hospitals - percent change	100% or more	99% – 20%	19% - 0%	-1%19%	-20% – -99%	-100% or less

### DATA SOURCES AND METHODS

#### States that have provided no county testing data for the most recent days of reporting:

All states have provided at least some testing data for the time period in this report.

#### States that have provided no state testing data for the most recent days of reporting

All states have provided at least some testing data for the time period in this report.

#### **Cases and Deaths**

- County-level case and death data are inclusive of all updates as of 11AM 8/16/2022.
- State-level case and death data are inclusive of all updates as of 11AM 8/16/2022.

#### **County Test Data Source by State**

CELR data from states provided in line level format: AK, AL, AR, AZ, CA, CO, CT, DC, DE, FL, GA, GU, HI, IA, ID, IL, IN, KS, KY, LA, MA, MD, ME, MI, MN, MO, MP, MS, MT, NC, ND, NE, NH, NJ, NM, NV, NY, OH, OK, OR, PA, PR, RI, SC, SD, TN, TX, UT, VA, VI, VT, WA, WI, WV, WY

#### **State Test Data Source by State**

CELR data from states provided in line level format: AK, AL, AR, AZ, CA, CO, CT, DC, DE, FL, GA, GU, HI, IA, ID, IL, IN, KS, KY, LA, MA, MD, ME, MI, MN, MO, MP, MS, MT, NC, ND, NE, NH, NJ, NM, NV, NY, OH, OK, OR, PA, PR, RI, SC, SD, TN, TX, UT, VA, VI, VT, WA, WI, WV, WY



## DATA SOURCES AND METHODS - AOC CONTINUUM

The **Areas of Concern Continuum** is used to describe communities as they progress through stages of the epidemic. There are 7 possible AOC classifications based on current and recent history of case and testing data for the location:

#### **Low Burden Community**

Purpose: Identify communities with minimal activity.

#### **Definition:**

<10 new cases per 100k population in the last week</li>

### **Moderate Burden Community**

Purpose: Identify communities with moderate disease activity.

#### **Definition:**

 Has NOT been identified as a <u>Hotspot</u>, <u>Sustained Hotspot</u>, or <u>High</u> <u>Burden—Resolving</u> within the last 2 weeks

AND

- Does not meet the definition for an <u>Emerging Hotspot</u>, <u>Hotspot</u>, <u>Sustained Hotspot</u>, or <u>High Burden—Resolving</u> AND
- Does not meet the definition for being a Low Burden Community

### **Emerging Hotspot**

**Purpose:** Generate early and reliable signals of communities with emerging increases in disease burden that have a high likelihood for becoming a hotspot in the next 1-7 days.

**Method:** Decision tree model trained on historical data of 23 features based on Cases, Deaths, Testing, ED visits, and Vaccinations including, but not limited to:

- Total cases in the last week
- Ratio of total cases in last 7 days to total cases in last 30 days
- Total deaths in the last week
- Number of tests last week
- Difference in percent positive tests in last 7 days from last 21 days
- · Weekly COVID ED Visits by discharge diagnosis
- · Percent of population that is fully vaccinated

#### **Hotspot**

**Purpose:** Identify communities that have reached a threshold of disease activity considered as being of high burden.

#### Definition:

 >100 new cases per 100k population OR >500 new cases in the past week

AND

Number of days in downward case trajectory\* ≤ 7 days
 AND

>50 cases during past week

AND

• Conditions must hold for at least 3 of the previous 5 days

#### **Sustained Hotspot**

**Purpose:** Identify communities that have had a high sustained case burden and are at potentially higher risk for experiencing healthcare resource limitations.

#### Definition:

 Either <u>Hotspot</u> for at least 7 preceding days or already a <u>Sustained</u> <u>Hotspot</u> on previous day

AND

 >200 new cases per 100k population OR >1,000 new cases in the past two weeks

AND

 Daily incidence rate >15 new cases per 100k population for 8 or more of the last 14 days OR test positivity >8% over last 14 days

AND

• >100 cases during the last two weeks

AND

Conditions must hold for at least 3 of the previous 5 days

**Data Sources:** CDC Aggregate County Data; Unified Testing Dataset; US Census 2019

### High Burden - Resolving

**Purpose:** Identify communities that were recently identified as hotspots and are now improving.

#### **Definition:**

- Identified as a <u>Hotspot</u> or <u>Sustained Hotspot</u> within the last 2 weeks AND
- Not currently a <u>Emerging Hotspot</u>, <u>Hotspot</u>, or <u>Sustained Hotspot</u>

  AND
- >100 new cases per 100k population OR >500 new cases in last week
   AND
- Number of days in downward trajectory\* ≥ 7

AND

 >50 cases during last week OR both ≥ 10 cases in last week and >8% test positivity in last week

#### Moderate Burden - Resolving

**Purpose:** Identify communities that have a moderate level of burden, but are demonstrating improvement.

#### **Definition:**

 Identified as a <u>Hotspot</u>, <u>Sustained Hotspot</u>, or <u>High Burden—Resolving</u> within the last 2 weeks

AND

 Does not meet the definition for an <u>Emerging Hotspot</u>, <u>Hotspot</u>, <u>Sustained Hotspot</u>, or <u>High Burden—Resolving</u>

AND

• Does not meet the definition for being a Low Burden Community

\*Number of Days in Downward Case Trajectory: This field is calculated using a CDC algorithm that first fits a smooth spline curve to daily case counts, and then counts the number of days that curve has been decreasing or at a low level. More specifically, the computation is based on a cubic spline fit of the 7-day rolling average of cases. The number of days decreasing (in downward trajectory) is calculated by summing the number of consecutive days of decline or near-zero incidence. A day is considered part of a downward trajectory if it (i) was previously at elevated incidence (had a two-week incidence greater than 10 cases per 100k population), and (ii) meets one of the following three conditions: (a) had a negative slope, OR (b) was in a low-incidence plateau (two-week incidence ≤ 10 cases per 100k population and a slope ≥ 0 to < 0.1 new cases per 100k population based on a 7-day moving average), OR (c) had less than 5 cases in the past 2 weeks.



